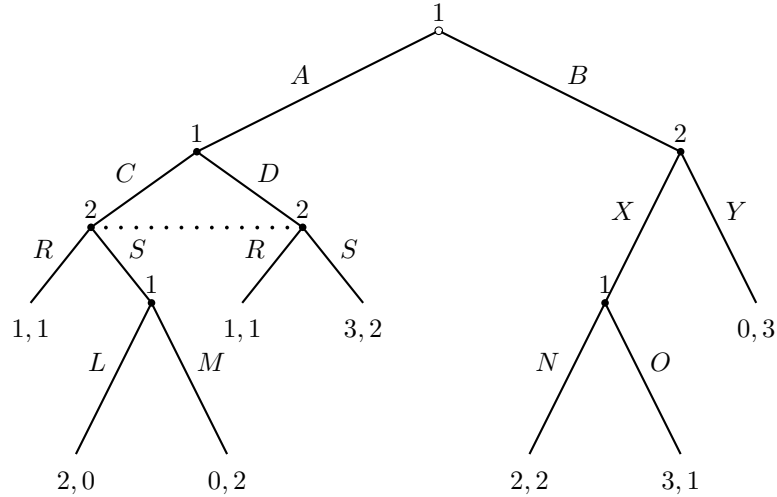


Microeconomic Theory II
Midterm Exam

Spring 2024
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Question 1. Consider the following extensive form game. The dotted line represents an information set.



- (a) Write down a sample pure strategy for each player.
- (b) List all pure-strategy subgame-perfect Nash equilibria.
- (c) Does this game contain a mixed-strategy subgame-perfect Nash equilibrium? Explain why or why not.

Question 2. Ten identical firms are deciding whether or not to enter a new industry. Competition occurs over two periods:

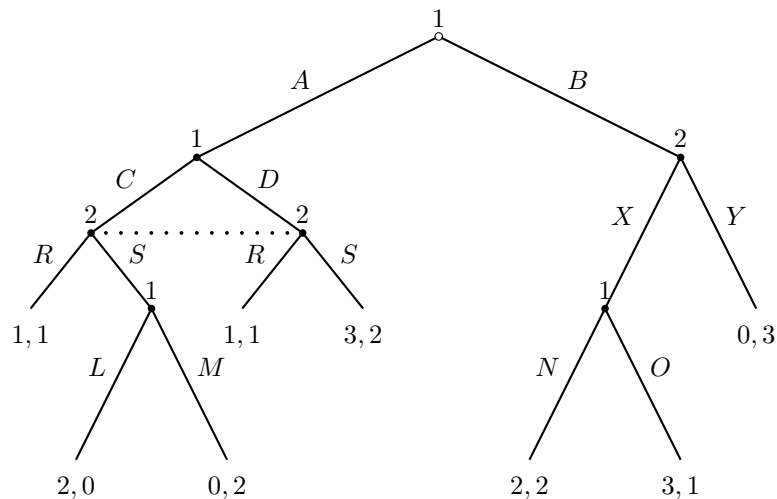
- In the first period, firms simultaneously choose whether or not to enter the industry. Entry requires a fixed payment of $F = 196$.
- In the second period, upon observing the number of entrants, entered firms compete a la Cournot by simultaneously selecting quantities, q_i . Profit of firm i is given by $p(Q)q_i$ where $p(Q) = 60 - Q$ and Q is the total quantity of all firms. Firms that do not enter naturally produce nothing and earn a profit of zero.

Determine all subgame-perfect Nash equilibria of this game.

		Player 2	
		<i>L</i>	<i>R</i>
Player 1	<i>A</i>	<i>X</i> , 6	16, 5
	<i>B</i>	20, 6	40, 5
	<i>C</i>	36, 6	8, 50

Question 3. Consider the following normal form game.

- (a) For what values of X is strategy A strictly dominated? Demonstrate by identifying the necessary conditions for strategy A to be dominated/not dominated.
- (b) For what values of X is A never a best reply? Demonstrate by identifying the necessary conditions for strategy A to be a best reply/not be a best reply.
- (c) For what values of X is A consistent with rationality? Briefly explain.
- (d) For what values of X is A consistent with both rationality and common knowledge? Carefully explain.
- (e) For what values of X is A Player 1's unique strategy consistent with rationality and common knowledge? Carefully explain.
- (f) ** For what values of X is there an equilibrium in which players use all strategies with positive probability?



This is a duplicate tree for Question 1